



Paper Code : MATHDSC 12L

B.Sc. II Semester Degree Examination (NEP), October 2022

Subject : MATHEMATICS

Paper : Algebra – II and Calculus – II (Paper – I)

Time : 2.30 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

Instruction : Answer all the Sections.

SECTION – A

I. Answer any five of the following : (5×2=10)

- 1) Define Least upper bound of the set.
- 2) Find the Supremum and Infimum of $\left\{ \frac{4n+3}{n}, \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$.
- 3) Find the number of generators of a cyclic group of order 10.
- 4) Find all the right cosets of $H = \{1, -1\}$ in the multiplicative group $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$.
- 5) Find the total differential of $u = x^3 + y^3 + x^2y + xy^2$.
- 6) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$.
- 7) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 xyz dx dy dz$.

SECTION – B

II. Answer any four of the following : (4×5=20)

- 8) Show that the set of natural numbers has no limit points.
- 9) State and prove Lagranges theorem for the finite group.
- 10) Prove that a non-empty subset H of a group G is a subgroup of G if and only if $\forall a, b \in H \Rightarrow a \cdot b^{-1} \in H$.
- 11) If $u = \log (\tan x + \tan y + \tan z)$. Then show that $\sin 2x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \sin 2y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \sin 2z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 2$.
- 12) If $u = e^{\left(\frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \right)}$ then show that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 2u \log u$.
- 13) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^x \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dy dx$ by changing into polar Co-ordinates.

P.T.O.



SECTION – C

III. Answer **any three** of the following :**(3×10=30)**

- 14) a) Prove that the intersection of two closed sets is a closed set.
b) Define countable set and prove that the set of all integers z is Countable.
- 15) a) Prove that intersection of two sub groups is also a sub group.
b) If G is a Cyclic group generated by a , i.e., $G = \langle a \rangle$ then prove that $O(G) = O(a)$.
- 16) a) If $x = r \cos\theta$ and $y = r \sin\theta$ then prove that $\left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial r}{\partial y}\right)^2 = 1$.
b) Verify Euler's theorem for the function $u = y^3 \cdot \log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$.
- 17) a) If $u = \sqrt{xy}$, $v = \sqrt{yz}$, $w = \sqrt{zx}$ show that $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)} = \frac{1}{4}$.
b) Evaluate $\iint_R x^2 y^2 \, dx dy$ where R is triangular region with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(2, 0)$ and $(2, 3)$.
- 18) a) By changing the order of integration evaluate $\int_0^{4a} \int_{z/4}^{2\sqrt{ax}} dy dx$.
b) Find the volume of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$.
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Paper Code : MATHDSC 12L

B.Sc. II Semester Degree Examination (NEP), Oct./Nov. 2023

Subject : MATHEMATICS (Paper – I)

Paper : Algebra – II and Calculus – II

Time : 2½ Hours

Max. Marks : 60

Instruction : Answer *all* Sections.

SECTION – A

I. Answer **any five** of the following :

(5×2=10)

- 1) a) Define upper bound.
- b) Define semi group.
- c) Define cyclic group.
- d) Define partial differentiation.
- e) Define line integral.
- f) Define homogeneous function.
- g) State generalized rule of integration by parts.

SECTION – B

II. Answer **any four** of the following :

(4×5=20)

- 2) If $H = \{1, -1\}$ is a subgroup of G . Then $H^{-1} = H$.
- 3) The order of any integral of an element 'a' can not exceed the order of 'a' (i.e. $O(a^k) \leq O(a)$).
- 4) If $u = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ show that $xu_x + yu_y = 0$.
- 5) Evaluate $\int_1^2 \int_0^x \frac{dydx}{y^2 + x^2}$.
- 6) If $u = e^{3x^2 + xy}$, find $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$.
- 7) Evaluate $\int_C (2y + x^2) dx + (3x - y) dy$ along the curve $x = 2t, y = t^2 + 3$ where $0 < t < 1$.

P.T.O.



SECTION - C

III. Answer **any three** of the following :

(3×10=30)

- 8) a) Find all the cosets of the subgroup $H(0, 3)$ in the group $(Z_6, +_6)$.
 b) Find the order of the cyclic group G of order $(Z_{12}, +_{12})$ generated by 3.
- 9) a) If $z = e^{ax+by} \sin(ax-by)$, show that $b \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + a \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2abz$.
 b) If $u = x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz$, show that $xu_x + yu_y + zu_z = 3u$.
- 10) a) Find the total differential of the following $u = xy^2 + yz^2 + zx^2$.
 b) Find the total derivative of the function $u = xy^2 + x^2y$ where $x = 2at$,
 $y = at$.
- 11) a) Define Jacobian if $u = x + y$, $v = \frac{1}{x+y}$. Show that $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = 0$.
 b) Evaluate $\int_C (xydx + yzdy + zxdz)$ where C is the curve given by $x = t$,
 $y = t^2$, $z = t^3$ and t is varying from -1 to 1 .
- 12) a) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_1^2 \int_1^2 \left(\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{z} + \frac{z}{x} \right) dx dy dz$.
 b) Find the volume of the region above the xy -plane bounded by the paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ and the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.