



Paper Code : 11124



4. Explain the relative strength of aliphatic and aromatic carboxylic acids.
5. What are  $S_N^Ar$  and benzyne reactions ? Give the mechanism of benzyne reaction with example.
6. Balance the redox reaction  
$$KMnO_4 + FeSO_4 + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow MnSO_4 + Fe_2(SO_4)_3.$$
7. Explain the mechanism of  $t_1$ ,  $t_2$  reactions.

### SECTION – C

Answer **any three** of the following.

(3×10=30)

8. a) How is calibration of pipette, burette and volumetric flask carried out ? 5  
b) What are the first aid precautions taken while handling toxic chemicals, acids and organic solvents ? 5
9. a) What is the basic principle involved in titrimetric analysis ? 5  
b) Define complexometry titration. Explain the theory of metal ion indicators. 5
10. a) Explain the concept of resonance, inductive effect and electrometric effect. 6  
b) What are Wurtz and Wurtz fitting reactions explain with example. 4
11. Explain the electrophilic reaction mechanism of I halogenation II nitration III Friedel craft is acylation reactions. 10
12. a) What are the factors influencing precipitation in gravimetry ? 5  
b) Explain the titration curve for strong acid and strong base. 5



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B.Sc. I Semester Degree Examination (NEP), April 2023

Subject : CHEMISTRY (Paper – I)

Paper – DSC – I : Analytical and Organic Chemistry

Time : 2 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

**Instruction : Answer all Sections.**

SECTION – A

1. Answer **any five** questions.

(5×2=10)

- Distinguish between precision and accuracy.
- What is range and mode ?
- Define normality and molarity.
- Calculate mole fraction 4 grams of NaOH (mol.mass = 40) in 36 grams of water.
- How are sigma and  $\pi$  bond formed ?
- Give IUPAC name of the following.
  - $$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3 - \text{C} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{Cl} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$$
  - $\text{CH}_3 - \text{C} = \text{C} - \text{CH}_3$
- Give an example for alicyclic and Hetero cyclic compound.

SECTION – B

Answer **any four** of the following.

(4×5=20)

- What are determinate errors ? Explain.
- Explain the determination of calcium in hard water.
- Discuss the formation of alkenes from elimination reaction.

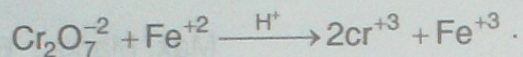
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5. How are the mechanism in  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  reactions studied ?

6. Balance the reaction



7. What type of mechanism observed in tert-butyl bromide and methyl chloride with alkali ? Explain mechanism.

### SECTION - C

Answer **any three** of the following.

(3×10=30)

8. a) Discuss the calibration methods of volumetric flask, burette and pipette. 5  
b) Calculate mean, median, mode and range of the following. 5  
16,14,16,18,20.
9. a) Explain Volhrd's method of precipitation titration. 5  
b) Advantages of organic reagents over inorganic reagents in gravometry analysis. Explain. 5
10. a) What is resonance ? Explain the resonance hybrid structure of benzene. 5  
b) Write a note on sytzeff and Hoffman elimination reactions. 5
11. Explain the mechanism of chlorination, nitration and Friedel-crafts reactions of benzene. 10
12. a) Wurtz and Wurtz-fittig reactions explain with examples. 5  
b) Explain titration curve for strong acid weak base. 5